



➤ UPDATES TO DIGITAL MOBILE RADIO (DMR) IN NEW ENGLAND

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Digital Mobile Radio

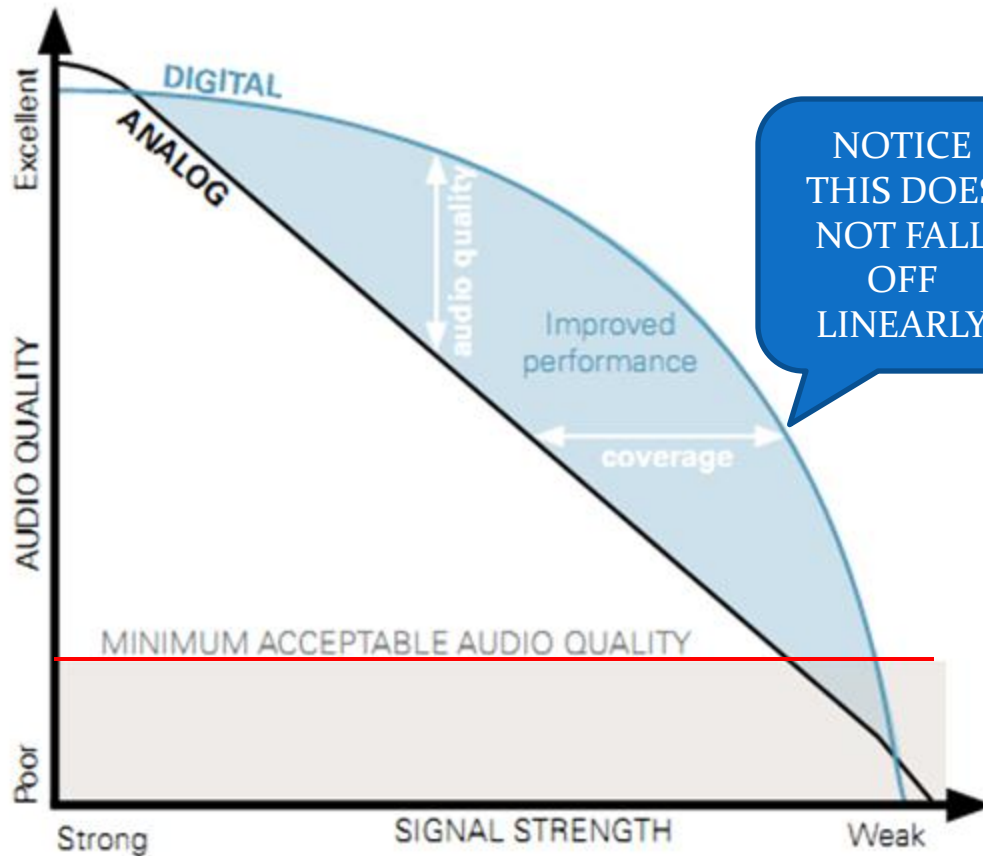
- An ETSI **commercial** worldwide standard
- Over a DOZEN manufacturers of radios (Anytone, Alinco, Baofeng, BFDX, Connect Systems, Motorola, Tytera/TYT, etc.)
- Improved voice quality (AMBE+2 vocoder) vs older digital modes (AMBE, IMBE, GMSK)
- Longer battery life by using TDMA
- Spectrum Efficient
- Network is digital end to end

Digital Mobile Radio

Advantages

- One repeater can support two simultaneous conversations using time sharing (Each voice path is called a time slot)
- Each time slot can support various groups of users (called talk groups)
- Equipment is available from a variety of companies. Used equipment is easily found.
- For those mobile over large areas a ROAMING function is available that works well.

Better Signal Quality

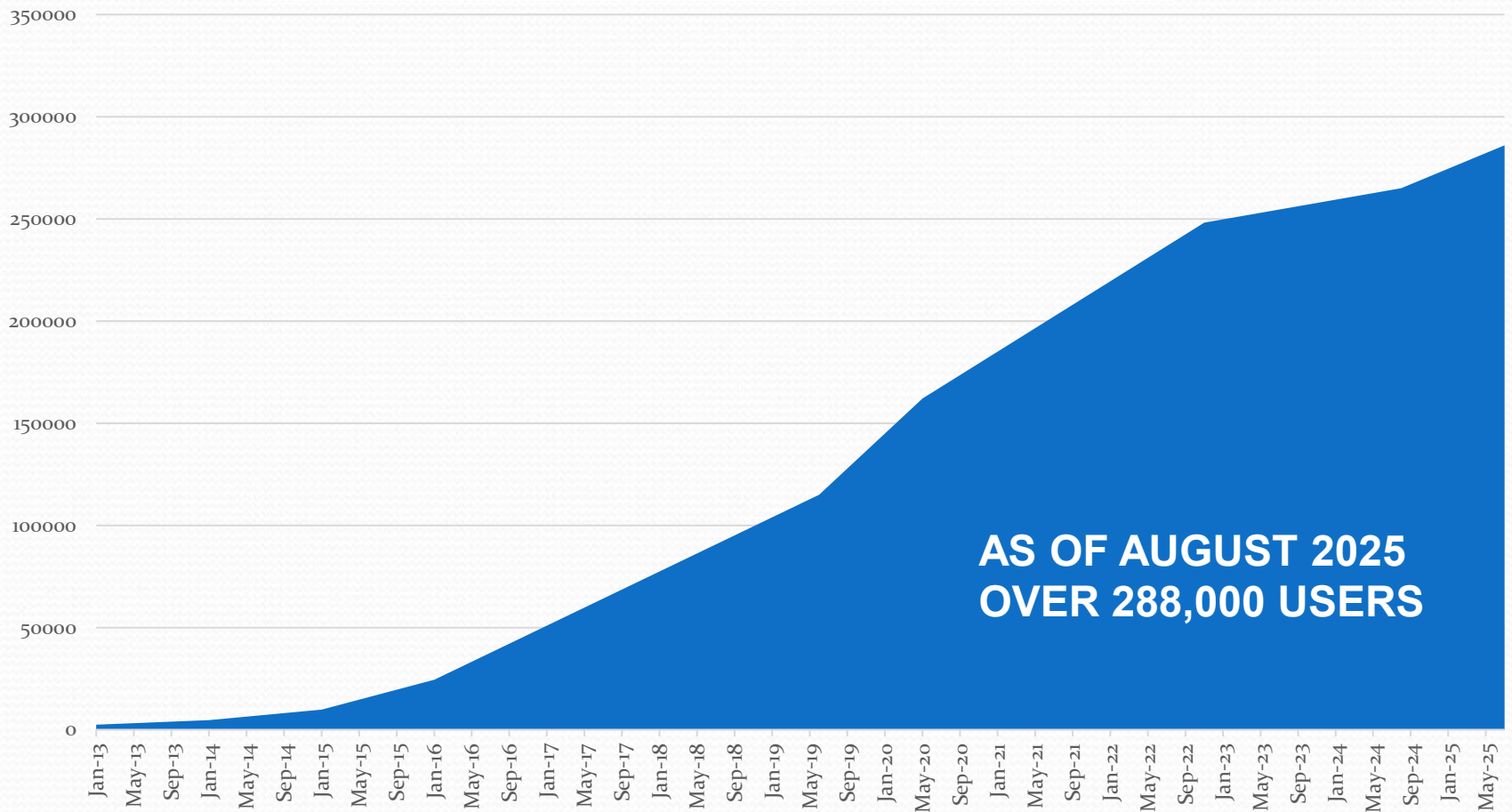


Digital voice retains better quality than analog as signal strength decreases.

- No hiss, popping, or static (but there can be packet loss on very weak signals)
- Better RF range than older digital technologies
- Forward Error Correction and Cyclic Redundancy Check coders
- This improvement is common to most digital voice systems (i.e.: DMR, YSF, P25, etc.)

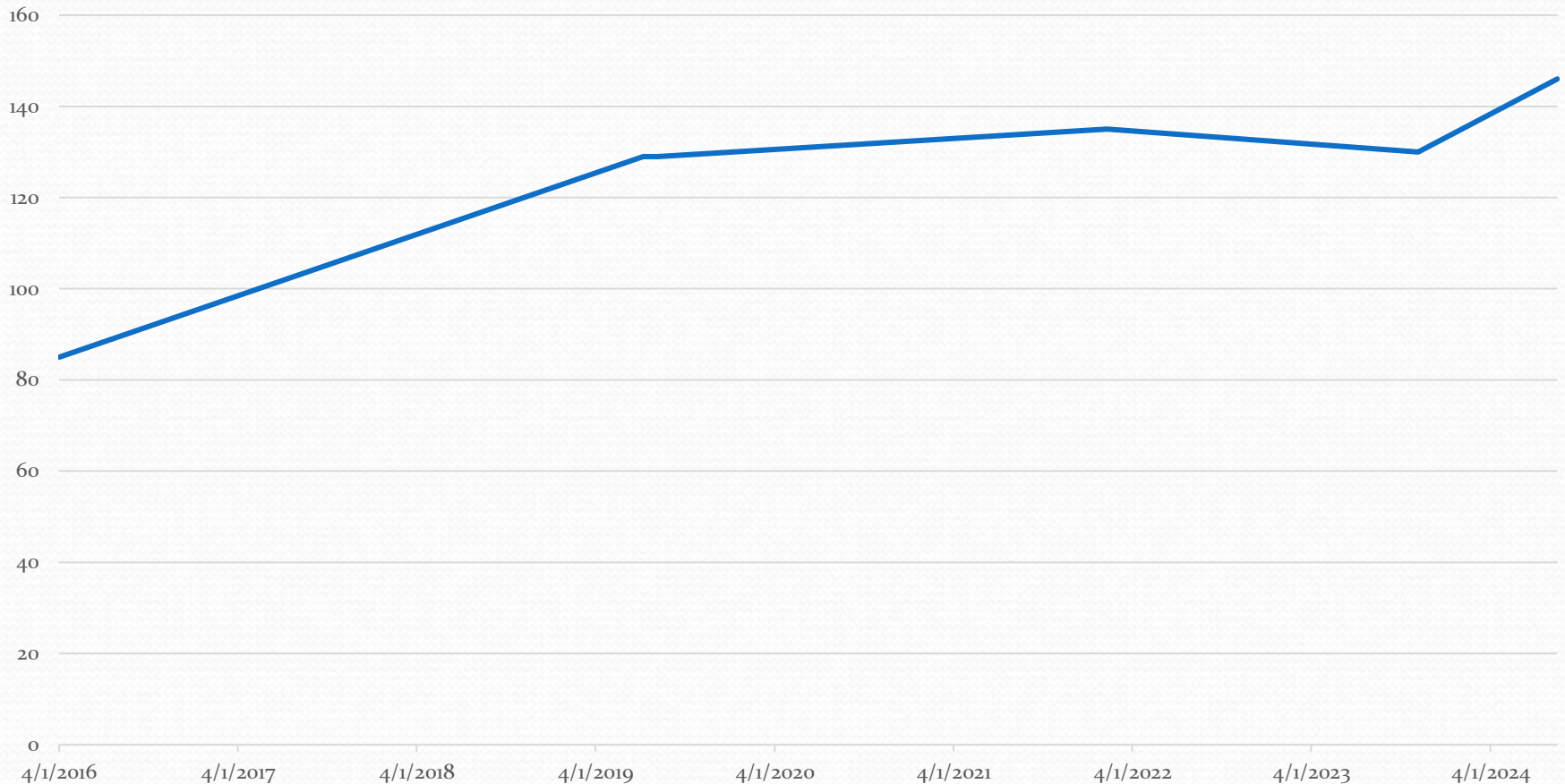
Worldwide Amateur DMR activity is Trending Up

TOTAL WORLDWIDE DMR USERS



Amateur DMR activity in New England

NEW ENGLAND DMR REPEATERS



Amateur DMR activity in New England

- Why is DMR activity trending up in past few years.
 - Cost of radio and programming software has fallen significantly as ham radios have replaced professional radios on DMR.
 - Hams have developed large networks with wide area coverage.
 - Programming knowledge has improved in the various clubs in the area.

Predominant New England DMR RF Networks

NETWORK	NE REPEATERS (JAN 2025)
NEDECN	83 (ADDITIONAL REPEATERS IN NY AND CANADA)
CT ARES	32 (31 IN CT, 1 IN NH)
BRANDMEISTER	22
MISC.	4

- Your DMR ID works on ALL these systems
- NEDECN (New England Digital Emergency Communications Network) is part of the DMR-MARC worldwide system
- BrandMeister is a worldwide system. BrandMeister is an 'on demand' system with a choice of 1300 talk groups. Kind of like D-STAR and its reflectors.

Amateur DMR activity in New England

A significant amount RF based New England DMR activity is on the New England Digital Emergency Communications Network (NEDECN) which is part of the worldwide DMR-MARC system.

During a typical week the NEDECN system has approx. 170 individual users.

NEDECN changes in last couple of years

NEDECN looked at the activity on the various talk groups on the system and also requests from users and changed its talk group availability.

Eliminated 'Worldwide English', 'Region North', UA₁ and UA₂ which had almost no use in a year.

Changed TAC₃₁₀ which was previously only for New England. It is now a US wide talk group like it is on all other systems.

All repeaters in the system now have access to all New England NEDECN statewide talk groups via Push to Talk (PTT).

WHAT ARE SOME OF TALK GROUPS AND WHAT TIME SLOTS ARE THEY ON IN THE NEDECN NETWORK

TIME SLOT 1	TIME SLOT 2
SKYWARN (Group Call 759)	NEW ENGLAND WIDE (Group Call 3181)
PARROT (Group Call 9998) *	MASSACHUSETTS STATEWIDE (Group Call 3125)
AUDIO WATCH (Group Call 9999) *	LOCAL (Group Call 9)
WORLDWIDE (Group Call 1) *	NE TAC 2 (Group call 8802) *
NORTH AMERICA (Group Call 3) *	
NORTHEAST (Group Call 3172)	
MAINE STATEWIDE (Group Call 3123) *	
NH STATEWIDE(Group Call 3133) *	
CT STATE WIDE (Group Call 3109) *	
RI STATE WIDE (Group Call 3144) *	
VT STATEWIDE (Group Call 3150) *	
TAC 310 (Group Call 310) *	
TAC 311 (Group Call 311) *	
NE TAC 1 (Group Call 8801) *	
CAPENET (Group Call 8804)	

NOTES: Talk groups in **red** with an asterisk are PTT activated for 5 minutes
SKYWARN has absolute priority on Time Slot 1 (think of it as a hams 911)

What are TAC, UA and NE TAC channels on NEDECN

The TAC, and NE TAC Channels allow two or more users to perform an ad hoc tie of two or more repeaters together. This allows users spread over a wide area to talk without tying up wide area channels and 100's of repeaters like "Northeast". The talk groups are activated by PTT. They all have timers which drop the link after a few minutes of no use.

Talk Group (Time Slot)	Coverage Area	Notes
TAC ₃₁₀ (1)	US	Same on all systems.
TAC ₃₁₁ (1)	US	Same on all systems.
New England TAC 1 (1)	New England	Only available on NEDECN. Used for some nets weekly
New England TAC 2 (2)	New England	Only available on NEDECN.

WHAT ARE THE MOST ACTIVE TALK GROUPS ON THE NEDECN NETWORK

- **TAC 310**
- **Maine Statewide**
- **Vermont Statewide**
- **Local**
- **Massachusetts Statewide**
- **NE TAC 1**
- **New England Wide**

WHAT ARE SOME SYSTEM WIDE NETS ON THE NEDECN NETWORK

**THESE THREE NETS ARE HEARD ON ALL REPEATERS IN THE
NEDECN SYSTEM**

- **NEW ENGLAND DMR NET – Monday at 8 PM on ‘New England Wide’ talk group**
- **SKYWARN- Thursday at 7:30 PM on ‘SKYWARN’ talk group**
- **OFFICE HOURS TECH DESK – Thursday at 8 PM on ‘NE TAC 1’ talk group**

CT ARES TALKGROUPS

CT-ARES DMR Network Talkgroup Information			
Time Slot 2		Time Slot 1	
8900	ALERT Message	8907	ALERT Message B
8901	CT-Statewide	8908	CT-Statewide B
8902	CT-TAC 1 (UA or PTT)	8909	CT-TAC 11 (UA or PTT)
8903	CT-TAC 2 (UA or PTT)	8910	CT-TAC 12 (UA or PTT)
8904	CT-TAC 3 (UA or PTT)	8911	CT-TAC 13 (UA or PTT)
8905	CT-TAC 4 (UA or PTT)	8912	CT-TAC 14 (UA or PTT)
8906	CT-TAC 5 (UA or PTT)	8913	CT-TAC 15 (UA or PTT)
9	Local	8914	NJ-TRBO (UA or PTT)
		9	Local B
		99	Digital Simplex

Other Network Talkgroups Outside CT-ARES DMR Network			
Time Slot 2		Time Slot 1	
3172	Northeast Region	1	Worldwide (UA or PTT)
9998	Parrot (UA or PTT)	3	North America
		13	Worldwide English
		9999	VU Meter Audio Test (UA or PTT)
		9998	Parrot (UA or PTT)
		310	TAC 310 (UA or PTT)
		311	TAC 311 (UA or PTT)
		3100	Conference Bridge (UA or PTT)

BRANDMEISTER TALKGROUPS

BrandMeister has over 1600 active talk groups to choose from.

Go to their website to see what is available.

Some BrandMeister talk groups link directly to D-STAR, YSF (C4FM) and other networks.

Most BrandMeister repeaters have defaults to particular talk groups. This default list is determined by the individual repeater owners.

WHICH TALK GROUPS ARE COMMON TO ALL SYSTEMS

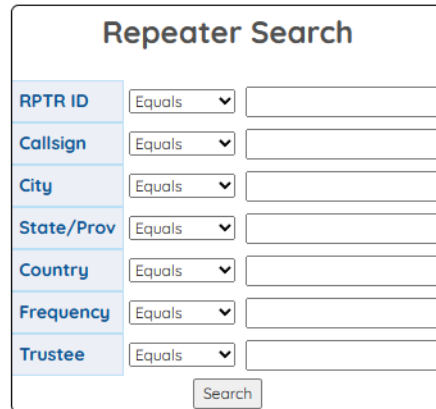
NORTHEAST

TAC310

TAC311

Finding DMR Repeaters

- **RADIOID.net**
 - allows you to search for repeaters by specified limits



The image shows a web form titled "Repeater Search". It contains seven rows of search criteria, each with a label, a dropdown menu set to "Equals", and a text input field. The criteria are: RPTR ID, Callsign, City, State/Prov, Country, Frequency, and Trustee. A "Search" button is located at the bottom right of the form.

Repeater Search		
RPTR ID	Equals	<input type="text"/>
Callsign	Equals	<input type="text"/>
City	Equals	<input type="text"/>
State/Prov	Equals	<input type="text"/>
Country	Equals	<input type="text"/>
Frequency	Equals	<input type="text"/>
Trustee	Equals	<input type="text"/>
<input type="button" value="Search"/>		

- **NEDECN (DMR-MARC) Network**
 - See the NEDECN website
- **CONNECTICUT ARES**
 - See the CT ARES website
- **BRANDMEISTER**
 - See the Brandmeister website

What is the PARROT

The **PARROT** is a voice recorder that allows you to hear how you sound through the system. A lot of people use it to make sure that their signal is making the repeater without problems.

You announce on the **PARROT** talk group something like;

“N1DM TESTING ON THE PARROT ON SOUTHBORO”

About 7 seconds after you release the PTT button on your radio you should hear your voice repeated if you are within the repeaters receive range.

DMR Simplex

DMR simplex does exist

The common New England DMR simplex channels in use are:

- **VHF Simplex 145.790**
- **UHF Simplex 446.075**

When programming your radios set the talk group as 99 and define that talk group as SIMPLEX.

Select Color Code 1 and Time Slot 1.

Please DO NOT program DMR simplex on FM simplex channels such as 146.520.

Getting Started

- REGISTER FOR A DMR ID ON THE RADIOID WEBSITE (<http://www.radioid.net>) *You can do this without having a radio.*
- BUY A DMR RADIO **and PROGRAMMING CABLE**
- GET IT PROGRAMMED
- TALK

WHY DO I NEED A DMR ID ?

The network requires you to have a digital ID to allow all the C-bridges and servers to properly direct your conversation between repeaters and talk groups.

Getting Started

HOW DO I NEED TO GET A DMR ID AND WHAT WILL IT LOOK LIKE ?

- Go to the radioid.net website and follow the instructions to upload a copy of your license.
- In a couple of days you will receive a 7 digit ID number which follows the format:
 - Subscriber IDs are 7 digits: **XXXYZZZ** like 3125180
where **XXXY**= Country and State/Province
ZZZ= Sequentially assigned subscriber number

YOU CANNOT MAKE UP YOUR OWN ID.

- Also, do not use a friend's ID. You may have trouble talking to each other.

Programming your radio

You need the Customer Programming Software (CPS) for your particular radio and programming cable for your radio type.

At the minimum you need to know the following to program a radio:

- your DMR radio id
- the talk group you want to talk on and put that in the digital contacts list as a 'group call'
- the time slot being used for the talk group on the repeater you are programming
- you need to know the input and output frequencies for the repeater you will use.
(On 2 m this is not always a 600 kHz difference)
- you need to know the color code for the repeater you are using.
(Color code is like pl tone)

Programming your radio

DMR radios allow you to assign an ‘alias’ to a radios ID. The ‘alias’ allows you to display the call and name of the person that ID belongs to. This uses a lookup table in the radio.

Bringing almost 300,000 ID’s into a radio is sometimes an issue, as many older radios do not have that much memory.

Luckily the N0GSG.com website has provided a software tool called ‘Contact Manager’ to help with this task that allows you to select the parts of the list you want. It works very well.

It can be found at: <http://n0gsg.com/contact-manager/>

RADIOID.NET and some other websites also have tools for this.

DO NOT PROGRAM **ENCRYPTION. IT IS NOT LEGAL FOR HAM USE.**

Hotspots

HOTSPOTS ARE A VERY LOW POWER (<10 milliwatt) RADIO THAT USES YOUR LOCAL INTERNET CONNECTION TO TALK ON THE NETWORK.

It allows you to use your HT or mobile when out of range of a repeater.

Other than the Brandmeister network, hotspots are limited in what talk groups they can access on network reflectors (servers). This is especially a concern on the NEDECN network (DMR-MARC).

Some hotspots allow you to link to other digital systems like D-STAR using your DMR radio.

Hotspots

The easiest reflector (server) to use to access NEDECN talk groups is the CAN-TRBO SYSTEM (ALSO KNOWN AS NEDECN HAMNET). See <https://www.can-trbo.ca> for info.

CAN-TRBO currently has connection to the following NEDECN talk groups;

759 Skywarn

3109 CT

3123 ME

3125 MA

3133 NH

3144 RI

3150 VT

3181 New England Wide

8801 NETAC1

8802 NETAC2

8804 Capenet

Hotspots

KNOWN GOOD HOTSPOTS FOR CAN-TRBO (NEDECN) SYSTEM

- **SHARK OPEN SPOT 4**
(Note: the obsolete 'Open Spot 1' does not have wifi capability and 'Open Spot 2 and 3' had wifi but are discontinued)
- **SKYBRIDGE (from Bridgecom Systems)**
- **ZUMSPOT (sold by Ham Radio Outlet)**

Some thoughts about using your radio

DMR exhibits a property called latency (delay). Therefore, you cannot 'fast key' on a conversation. This latency is a property of the network (which is very large).

DMR works well for wide area QSO's.

When a station gets too weak its signal breaks up. This is referred to as packet loss.

Most DMR radios also do conventional FM. So, you can carry one radio to talk on traditional repeaters and DMR repeaters.

FAQ

- **WHAT HAPPENS WHEN THE REPEATER LOOSES ITS NETWORK CONNECTION?**

The LOCAL channel (talk group 9) on the repeater always works.

- **WHAT IS AN EASY WAY TO CHECK IF THE REPEATER IS ON THE NETWORK?**

There are 2 ways:

- Go to the Parrot and try it, if the Parrot is working the repeater is on the network.
- The second is to go to NEDECN and check Netwatch [NewEng-TRBO \(nedecn.org\)](http://NewEng-TRBO(nedecn.org)) on the Monitor tab as you transmit. If you see your call come up the repeater is on the network.

A Very Small Sampling of DMR Radios



**Alinco
DJ-MD5**



**Anytone
AT-D578UV PRO**



**Connect Systems
CS800D**

Some DMR Web Sites

(check out the links below)

- <http://dmr-marc.net/>
- <http://nedecn.org> (New England Digital Emergency Communications Network)
- <https://www.radioid.net> This is where you get your radio ID
- <https://ctares.org/dmr-digital-mobile-radio/> This is the CT ARES site regarding their DMR network
- https://wiki.brandmeister.network/index.php/What_is_BrandMeister intro to the BrandMeister network